



## ST MICHAEL & ALL ANGELS C OF E PRIMARY SCHOOL

**LEICESTERSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL**  
**CHILDREN & FAMILY SERVICES**

**POLICY AND PROCEDURES ON SAFEGUARDING / CHILD**  
**PROTECTION FOR SCHOOLS**

**(VERSION: July 2020 – September 2020 onwards)**

<b>Date Approved</b>	<b>6.10.20</b>
<b>Date for Review*</b> <small>(*subject to any relevant changes in legislation or other appropriate guidelines)</small>	<b>September 2021</b>
<b>Policy Last Revised</b>	<b>September 2020</b> Addendum added Jan 21
<b>Author</b>	LA / Head Teacher
<b>Delegated Responsibility</b>	Head / Full Governing Body

<b>Approved by:</b>	R Evans
	R Evans – Chair of Governors
<b>Date received by FGB</b>	6.10.20
<p>This updated version includes references to the school's safeguarding procedures relating to the Coronavirus pandemic.</p>	

## **CONTENTS**

---

**Page**

Named staff & contacts	3
Introduction	4
Safeguarding Commitment	5
Roles and Responsibilities	
General	6
Governing Body	6
Headteacher	8
Designated Safeguarding Lead	8
Records, Monitoring and Transfer	9
Support to pupils and School Staff	10
Working with parents and carers	13
Other Relevant Policies	14
Recruitment and Selection of Staff	14
Appendix 1 - Procedure to follow in cases of possible, alleged or suspected abuse	16
Appendix 2 - Procedure for allegations against staff and volunteers	19
Appendix 3 - EYFS Policy for the use of Cameras and Mobile Phones	21
Appendix 4 - Safeguarding pupils who are vulnerable to extremism and radicalisation	22
Appendix 5 – Radicalisation and Extremism Risk Assessment	23
Appendix 6 – Female Genital Mutilation	24
Appendix 7 – Indicators of abuse and neglect	25
Appendix 8 – Transfer to Pupil Safeguarding Records to next School	26
Appendix 9 – Safeguarding Procedures during the Coronavirus Pandemic	27
Appendix 10 – Remote Learning & Attendance Procedures during Lockdown	32

## Named staff and contacts

- Designated Safeguarding Lead: Mr Neil Bardsley, Head Teacher
- Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead: Miss Rebecca Smith, Teacher
- Designated Teacher for Children in Care: Mr Neil Bardsley, Head Teacher
- Nominated Safeguarding Governor: Mr Robert Evans, Chair of Governors
- Safeguarding and Performance Unit contacts:

## Head of Service - Safeguarding and Performance Service

Kelda Claire 0116 3059084 / 07507686100

### **LADO / Allegations:**

Kim Taylor / Lovona Brown 0116 305 7597

### **Safeguarding Development Officers:**

Simon Genders 0116 305 7750

Ann Prideaux 0116 305 7317

### **First Response Children's Duty (Tier 4 Same-day referrals)**

Telephone 0116 3050005  
Email [childrensduty@leics.gov.uk](mailto:childrensduty@leics.gov.uk)  
Address First Response Children's Duty  
Room 100b  
County Hall  
Championship Way  
Glenfield  
LE3 8RF

### **All other referrals including Early Help (Children & Family Wellbeing) Service**

<http://lrsb.org.uk/childreport>

**Early Help queries and Consultation Line** 0116 3058727

## School Vision

*Psalm 147:4 God counts the stars and calls them all by name*

The aim of our Church school is to develop the full potential of each child spiritually, socially and academically in a safe, inclusive environment which is grounded within the ethos of the Christian Faith.

This policy is grounded within our school mission statement, and underpins our commitment to providing a safe, inclusive environment for all stakeholders which reflects our Christian values.

### 1 Introduction

1.1 St Michael & All Angels CE Primary fully recognises the contribution it can make to protect children and support pupils in school. The aim of the policy is to safeguard and promote our pupils' welfare, safety and health by fostering an honest, open, caring and supportive climate. The pupils' welfare is of paramount importance.

1.2 This policy is consistent with:

- the legal duty to safeguard and promote the welfare of children, as described in section 175 of the Education Act 2002 [or section 157 of the Education Act 2002 for independent schools and academies] and the statutory guidance "*Keeping children safe in education – Statutory guidance for schools and colleges*", September 2020 and "*Working Together to Safeguard Children*", 2018.
- the Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children Partnership - Multi-Agency Safeguarding Arrangements

1.3 There are four main elements to our Safeguarding / Child Protection Policy:

- **Prevention** (e.g. positive school atmosphere, teaching and pastoral support to pupils, safer recruitment procedures);
- **Protection** (by following agreed procedures, ensuring staff are trained and supported to respond appropriately and sensitively to Child Protection concerns);
- **Support** (to pupils and school staff and to children who may have been harmed or abused);
- **Working with parents** (to ensure appropriate communications and actions are undertaken).

1.4 This policy applies to all staff, volunteers, governors and visitors to the school. We recognise that child protection is the responsibility of all adults in school. We will ensure that all parents and other working partners are aware of our child protection policy by

mentioning it in our school prospectus, displaying appropriate information in our reception and on the school website and by raising awareness at meetings with parents as appropriate.

### 1.5 **Extended school activities**

Where the Governing Body provides services or activities directly under the supervision or management of school staff, the school's arrangements for child protection will apply. Where services or activities are provided separately by another body, the Governing Body will seek assurance in writing that the body concerned has appropriate policies and procedures in place to safeguard and protect children and that there are arrangements to liaise with the school on these matters where appropriate.

## 2 **Safeguarding Commitment**

2.1 For the purposes of this policy, safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is defined as:

- protecting children from maltreatment;
- preventing impairment of children's mental and physical health or development;
- ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care; and
- taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes.

2.2 The school adopts an open and accepting attitude towards children as part of its responsibility for pastoral care. Staff encourage children and parents to feel free to talk about any concerns and to see school as a safe place when there are difficulties. Children's worries and fears will be taken seriously and children are encouraged to seek help from members of staff.

2.3 Our school will therefore:

- Establish and maintain an ethos where children feel secure and are encouraged to talk, and are listened to;
- Ensure that children know that there are adults in the school whom they can approach if they are worried or are in difficulty;
- Include in the curriculum activities and opportunities for PSHE/Citizenship/Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education which equip children with the skills they need to stay safe from abuse (including online and other contexts children are in), and to know to whom they can turn for help;
- Ensure every effort is made to establish effective working relationships with parents and colleagues from other agencies;
- Operate safer recruitment procedures and make sure that all appropriate checks are carried out and recorded on the single central record for new staff and volunteers

who will work with children, including identity, right to work, enhanced DBS criminal record and barred list (and overseas where needed), references, and prohibition from teaching or managing in schools (s.128) etc.

## 2.4 **Safeguarding in the Curriculum**

Children are taught about safeguarding in school. The following areas are among those addressed in PSHE and in the wider curriculum:-

Bullying (including Cyberbullying)

Drugs, alcohol and substance abuse

E-Safety/Internet safety

Stranger Danger

Fire and water safety

Road safety

Domestic Abuse – age appropriate, eg., through English texts.

Healthy Relationships / Consent

(so called) Honour Based Violence issues (HBV) e.g. forced marriage, Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (see Appendix 6),

Sexual exploitation of children (CSE), including online

Child criminal exploitation (including cybercrime)

Preventing Extremism and Radicalisation (see Appendices 4 and 5)

## 3 **Roles and Responsibilities**

### 3.1 **General**

All adults working with or on behalf of children have a responsibility to safeguard and promote their welfare. This includes a responsibility to be alert to possible abuse and to record and report concerns to staff identified with child protection responsibilities within the school.

The names of the Designated Safeguarding Lead and Deputy Designated Safeguarding Leads for the current year are listed at the start of this document.

### 3.2 **Governing Body**

In accordance with the statutory guidance “Keeping children safe in education” September 2020, the Governing Body will ensure that:-

- The school has its own child protection/safeguarding policy, procedures and training in place which are effective and comply with the law at all times. The policy is made available publicly.
- The school operates safer recruitment practices, including appropriate use of references and checks on new staff and volunteers. Furthermore, the Headteacher, nominated Governors and other staff involved in the recruitment process have undertaken Safer Recruitment Training.

- There are procedures for dealing with safeguarding concerns and allegations of abuse against members of staff and volunteers (see Appendix 2).
- There is a senior member of the school’s leadership team who is designated to take lead responsibility for dealing with child protection (the “Designated Safeguarding Lead” who is Mr Bardsley) and there is always cover for this role with appropriate arrangements for before/after school and out of term time activities.
- The Designated Safeguarding Lead undertakes effective Local Authority training (in addition to basic child protection training) and this is refreshed every two years. In addition to this formal training, their knowledge and skills are updated at regular intervals (at least annually) using safeguarding briefings etc.
- The Headteacher, and all other staff and volunteers who work with children (including early years practitioners within any settings on the school site), undertake appropriate training which is regularly updated at least annually, (and more comprehensively, every three years in compliance with the Safeguarding Children Partnership protocol); and new staff and volunteers who work with children are made aware of the school’s arrangements for child protection and their responsibilities (including this policy, Part 1 of Keeping Children Safe in Education, the pupil behaviour policy and how to respond if children go missing). The Local Authority Induction leaflet, (“Safeguarding in Education Induction – Child Protection Information, Safer Working Practice”) will be used as part of this induction and Annex A from “Keeping children safe in education” September 2020 is provided to all staff working directly with children.
- Any deficiencies or weaknesses brought to the attention of the Governing Body will be rectified without delay.
- The Chair of Governors (or, in the absence of a Chair, the Vice Chair) deals with any safeguarding concerns or allegations of abuse made against the Headteacher, in liaison with the Local Authority Allegations Manager (LADO).
- Effective policies and procedures are in place and updated annually including a behaviour “code of conduct” for staff and volunteers - “Guidance for Safer Working Practice for those who work with children in education settings May 2019” (supplemented by the COVID-19 Addendum April 2020). Information is provided to the Local Authority (on behalf of the Safeguarding Children Partnership) through the Safeguarding Annual Return.
- There is an individual member of the Governing Body who will champion issues to do with safeguarding children and child protection within the school, liaise with the Designated Safeguarding Lead, and provide information and compliance/monitoring reports to the Governing Body.
- The school contributes to inter-agency working in line with statutory guidance “Working Together to Safeguard Children” 2018 including providing a co-ordinated offer of Early Help for children who require this. This Early Help may be offered

directly through school provision or via referral to an external support agency. Safeguarding arrangements take into account the procedures and practice of the local authority and the Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children Partnership.

### **3.3 Headteacher**

The Headteacher of the school will ensure that:

- The policies and procedures adopted by the Governing Body are effectively implemented and followed by all staff;
- Sufficient resources and time are allocated to enable the Designated Safeguarding Lead and other staff to discharge their responsibilities, including taking part in strategy discussions and other inter-agency meetings, and contributing to the assessment of children;
- Allegations of abuse or concerns that a member of staff or adult working at school may pose a risk of harm to children or young people are notified to the Local Authority Designated Officer.
- All staff and volunteers feel able to raise concerns about poor or unsafe practice in regard to children, and such concerns are addressed sensitively and effectively in a timely manner. The NSPCC whistle blowing helpline number is also available (0800 028 0285).
- All staff are made aware that they have an individual responsibility to pass on safeguarding concerns and that if all else fails to report these directly to Children's Social Care (Children and Family Specialist Services) or the Police.

### **3.4 Designated Safeguarding Lead**

The responsibilities of the Designated Safeguarding Lead are found in Annex B of "Keeping children safe in education" and include:

- Acting as a point of contact and the provision of information to the Safeguarding Children Partnership on safeguarding and child protection.
- Liaising with the headteacher or principal about issues especially to do with ongoing enquiries under section 47 of the Children Act 1989 and police investigations.
- Liaising with the Governing Body and the Local Authority on any deficiencies brought to the attention of the Governing Body and how these should be rectified without delay.
- Management and referral of cases of suspected abuse to Specialist Services First Response Children's Duty (and/or Police where a crime may have been committed).



- Referral of cases to the Channel programme (through the local police Prevent Engagement Team) where there is a radicalisation concern.
- Acting as a source of support, advice and expertise within the school and liaising with staff on matters of safety and safeguarding (including online and digital safety) and when deciding whether to make a referral, by liaising with relevant agencies.
- To attend and contribute to child protection conferences and other multi-agency safeguarding meetings when required.
- Being alert to the specific needs of vulnerable children, especially those with a social worker, special educational needs, a disability and young carers and promote their educational outcomes by sharing relevant information with teachers and leaders about welfare, safeguarding and child protection issues;
- Ensuring each member of staff has access to and understands the school's safeguarding/child protection policy especially new or part-time staff who may work with different educational establishments;
- Ensuring all staff have induction training covering child protection, the pupil behaviour policy, children who go missing and staff behaviour. Staff will be trained to recognise, record and report any concerns immediately they arise and will be provided with Part 1 of "Keeping children safe in education" and Annex A to those working directly with children;

Keeping detailed (signed and dated), accurate and secure written records of concerns, actions and referrals;

- Obtaining access to resources and effective training for all staff and attend refresher training courses every two years. Keep up to date with new developments in safeguarding by accessing briefings and journals at least annually.
- Where children leave the school, ensuring their child protection file is passed to the Designated Safeguarding Lead and signed for in the new school/college as soon as possible (best practice is in a face to face meeting)– this will be in advance of the pupil arriving where specific ongoing support is required.
- Maintaining and monitoring secure child protection records, including monitoring and acting upon individual concerns, patterns of concerns (e.g. children who repeatedly go missing) or complaints, in accordance with the section on "Records, Monitoring and Transfer" below.

## **4 Records, Monitoring and Transfer**

4.1 Well-kept records are essential to good child protection practice. All staff are clear about the need to record and report concerns about a child or children within the school. Records of concerns are written down, signed and dated and passed immediately to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (or a Deputy). The Designated Safeguarding Lead is responsible for such records and for deciding at what point these records should be

shared with other agencies (in accordance with the Data Protection Act 2018 and GDPR principles).

- 4.2 Records relating to actual or alleged abuse or neglect are stored apart from normal pupil or staff records. Normal records sometimes have markers to show that there is sensitive material stored elsewhere. This is to protect individuals from accidental access to sensitive material by those who do not need to know.
- 4.3 Child protection records are stored securely, with access confined to specific staff, eg the Designated Safeguarding Lead (Head Teacher) and the Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead.
- 4.4 Child protection records are reviewed regularly to check whether any action or updating is needed. This includes monitoring patterns of complaints or concerns about any individuals and ensuring these are acted upon. A case file chronology, summarizing case activity and significant events in the child's life, helps to enable effective monitoring. Any actions taken are clearly indicated.
- 4.5 When children transfer school their safeguarding records are also transferred. Safeguarding records will be transferred separately from other records and best practice is to pass these directly to a Designated Safeguarding Lead in the receiving school with any necessary discussion or explanation and to obtain a signed and dated record of the transfer. Where a child needs specific ongoing support, relevant information will be transferred prior to the child arriving at their new school. In the event of a child moving out of area and a physical handover not being possible then the most secure method should be found to send the confidential records to a named Designated Safeguarding Lead and a photocopy kept until receipt is confirmed. Files requested by other agencies e.g. Police, are copied.

## **5 Support to pupils and school staff**

- 5.1 **Support to pupils** - Our school recognises that children who are abused or who witness violence may find it difficult to develop a sense of self-worth and view their lives in a positive way and that this is likely to adversely impact their mental health and emotional well-being. It is therefore important that staff recognize that mental health concernsFor such children school may be one of the few stable, secure and predictable components of their lives. Other children may be vulnerable because, for instance, they have an allocated social worker, have a disability, are in care, a care-leaver or previously looked after, or are experiencing some form of neglect. Our school seeks to remove any barriers that may exist in being able to recognise abuse or neglect in pupils with Special Educational Needs or a disability. We will seek to provide such children with the necessary support to build their self-esteem and confidence, helping them to secure the very best educational outcomes they are able to achieve. The context in which safeguarding incidents and/or behaviours occur, whether in school or within or outside the home (including online), will be considered by staff, particularly the DSL and Deputy DSLs. Any associated threats or risks will be included in assessments and relevant information included in referrals to Children's Social Care (this is known as contextual safeguarding). General indicators of abuse and neglect (from Part 1 of the statutory

guidance) are also included in Appendix 7 of this policy and further information about specific forms of abuse are contained within Appendix A of the statutory guidance, "Keeping Children Safe in Education 2020".

5.2 **Peer on Peer Abuse** - This school recognises that children sometimes display harmful behaviour themselves and that such incidents or allegations must be referred on for appropriate support and intervention. Such abuse will not be tolerated or passed off as "banter" or "part of growing up". This abuse could for example include sexual violence and sexual harassment, "upskirting", initiation/hazing type violence, all forms of bullying, aggravated sexting and physical violence experienced by both boys and girls. However, peer on peer abuse is more likely to be perpetrated by boys on girls. There are a number of school and local authority or Safeguarding Children Partnership guidances and policies to address these concerns including the pupil Behaviour Policy, Anti-bullying Policy, E-safety Policy, "Guidance for schools working with children who display harmful sexual behaviour" (Leicestershire LA Guidance). Where specific risks are identified, a formal risk assessment will be undertaken in order to minimise the risk of further harm and to ensure the safety of all staff and pupils and to offer appropriate support to both the alleged victim and the child or young person accused and a referral to any relevant outside agency will be made eg Police/Social Care. Procedures are detailed in the linked school policies mentioned above.

5.3 **Sexting** - School will always respond if informed that children have been involved in 'sexting' (youth produced sexual imagery). The UK Council for Child Internet Safety (UKCCIS) guidance, "Sexting in schools and colleges: responding to incidents and safeguarding young people" will be used to guide the school's response on a case by case basis.

The key points being:-

- Inform the Headteacher/DSL as soon as possible
- Support the children involved as appropriate and in accordance with their best interests
- Inform all parents of involved children unless by doing so you put a child at risk
- Images will not be viewed by school staff
- If school is to deal with the matter, involve parents in ensuring the images are deleted
- If there is evidence of exploitation, blackmail or the deliberate targeting of a vulnerable student, inform the police.

5.4 **Sexual violence and sexual harassment** – Sexual violence refers to sexual offences as described under the Sexual Offences Act 2003 including rape and sexual assault. Sexual harassment is 'unwanted conduct of a sexual nature' that can occur online and offline and may include sexual name-calling, taunting or "jokes" and physical behaviour, for example, deliberately brushing against someone or interfering with clothes. 'Upskirting' is also a criminal offence (under the Voyeurism (Offences) Act 2019) and typically involves taking a picture under a person's clothing (not necessarily a skirt) without them knowing, in order to obtain sexual gratification or to cause humiliation, distress or alarm (anyone of any gender can be a victim). Evidence shows that girls, children with SEND and LGBT children are more likely to be the victims of sexual violence and harassment and boys are more likely to be the perpetrators. However, sexual violence and sexual harassment can occur between children of any gender.

## **Curriculum**

- Planned PHSE and Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education will include a number of safeguarding issues as set out in the DfE statutory guidance. This will be appropriate to pupils' age and stage of development. It will also be underpinned by the school's behaviour policy and pastoral support system.

## **Responding to an incident**

- School will follow the DfE guidance, 'Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and colleges', May 2018.
- Relevant staff will liaise with the police, social care and parents as appropriate.
- Support will be offered to both the alleged victim(s) and child(ren) accused. Parents will be included in discussions about the format that this support will take.

**5.5 Children Missing (including absence from school)**– our school recognises the entitlement that all children have to education and will work closely with the local authority to share information about pupils who may be missing out on full time education or who go missing from education. The local authority will also be informed where children are to be removed from the school register a) to be educated outside the school system; b) for medical reasons; c) because they have ceased to attend; d) because they are in custody; d) because they have been permanently excluded. We also recognise that when children go missing this is a sign that they may have been targeted by perpetrators of Child Sexual Exploitation and/or drug related criminals (County Lines). Children may also be groomed into participating in other forms of criminal exploitation including cybercrime, serious violence and violent crime. Children who attend an alternative education provision or have an agreed reduced timetable are more likely to be vulnerable to these forms of exploitation.

**5.6 Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) and Child Criminal Exploitation (CCE)** are forms of abuse and both occur where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance in power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child into sexual or criminal activity. Whilst age may be the most obvious, this power imbalance can also be due to a range of other factors including gender, sexual identity, cognitive ability, physical strength, status, and access to economic or other resources. In some cases, the abuse will be in exchange for something the victim needs or wants and/or will be to the financial benefit or other advantage (such as increased status) of the perpetrator or facilitator. The abuse can be perpetrated by individuals or groups, males or females, and children or adults. The abuse can be a one-off occurrence or a series of incidents over time, and range from opportunistic to complex organised abuse. It can involve force and/or enticement-based methods of compliance and may, or may not, be accompanied by violence or threats of violence. Victims can be exploited even when activity appears consensual and it should be noted exploitation as well as being physical can be facilitated and/or take place online. A significant number of children who are victims of sexual exploitation go missing from home, care and education at some point or are targeted by criminals involved in the illegal supply of drugs (County Lines) and serious violent crime. 'County Lines' involves

drug networks or individuals exploiting children and young people into carrying drugs and money between cities, towns and villages. Serious violent crime can be associated with this form of criminal activity together with child sexual exploitation. Children may also be exploited into committing cybercrime or money laundering offences and organised criminal groups or individuals may exploit children and young people with enhanced computer skills to access digital networks and/or data for criminal and financial gain. Children with bank accounts may be persuaded to allow criminals to use their banking facilities to launder money. Criminal exploitation of children is a form of harm that can affect children in both a physical environment and online. Staff training includes raising awareness of these issues and any concerns are passed to the Designated Safeguarding Lead who will make a risk assessment and refer to Local Authority First Response Children's Duty if appropriate.

- 5.7 **So-called 'honour-based' abuse** encompasses crimes which have been committed to protect or defend the so-called "honour" of the family and/or the community, including Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (see appendix 6), forced marriage, and practices such as breast ironing. All forms of so called Honour Based Abuse are abuse (regardless of the motivation) and concerns will be passed to the Designated Safeguarding Lead for onward referral as required.
- 5.8 **Private fostering arrangements** - Where a child under 16 (or 18 with a disability) is living with someone who is not their family or a close relative for 28 days or more, staff inform the Designated Safeguarding Lead so that a referral to Children's Social Care for a safety check, can be made. (A close relative includes step-parent, grandparents, uncle, aunt or sibling).
- 5.9 Complaints or concerns raised by parents or pupils will be taken seriously and followed up in accordance with the school's complaints process.
- 5.10 **Support for Staff**

As part of their duty to safeguard and promote the welfare of children and young people staff may hear information, either from the child/young person as part of a disclosure or from another adult, that will be upsetting. Where a member of staff is distressed as a result of dealing with a child protection concern, he/she should in the first instance speak to the Designated Safeguarding Lead about the support they require. The Designated Safeguarding Lead should seek to arrange the necessary support.

## 6 Working with parents/carers

The school will:

- Ensure that parents/carers have an understanding of the responsibility placed on the school and staff for child protection by setting out its obligations in the school prospectus.

- Undertake appropriate discussion with parents/carers and seek necessary consent prior to involvement of Children & Family Services (Children’s Social Care) or another agency, unless to do so would place the child at risk of harm or compromise an investigation.

## **7 Other Relevant Policies**

7.1 The Governing Body’s statutory responsibility for safeguarding the welfare of children goes beyond simply child protection. The duty is to ensure that safeguarding permeates all activity and functions. This policy therefore complements and supports a range of other policies, for instance:

- Pupil Behaviour Management Policy
- Staff Code of Conduct (“Guidance for Safer working practice”)
- Racist incidents
- Anti-Bullying (including Cyberbullying)
- Physical Interventions/Restraint (DfE Guidances “Use of Reasonable Force” and “Screening, searching and confiscation”)
- Special Educational Needs and Disability
- Trips and visits
- Work experience and extended work placements
- First aid and the administration of medicines
- Health and Safety
- Relationships and Sex Education
- Site Security
- Equal Opportunities
- Toileting/Intimate care
- E-safety
- Extended school activities

The above list is not exhaustive but when undertaking development or planning of any kind the school will consider the implications for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children.

## **8 Recruitment and Selection of Staff (also see the Safer Recruitment policy)**

8.1 The school’s safer recruitment processes follow the statutory guidance: “*Keeping children safe in education September 2020, Part Three: Safer recruitment.*”

8.2 The school will provide all the relevant information in references for a member of staff about whom there have been safeguarding concerns ie about child protection / inappropriate conduct. Cases in which the conclusion of an allegation has been unsubstantiated, unfounded, false or malicious will not be included in employer references. A history of repeated safeguarding concerns or allegations which have all been found to be unsubstantiated, malicious etc. will also not be included in a reference.

- 8.3 The school has an open safeguarding ethos regularly addressing safeguarding responsibilities during staff meetings and fostering an ongoing culture of vigilance. All new staff and volunteers receive a safeguarding induction and are briefed on the code of conduct for adults working with children. The Leicestershire County Council induction leaflet is given to all staff and is the basis for the safeguarding induction.
- 8.4 In line with statutory requirements, every recruitment process for school staff will have at least one member (teacher/manager or governor) who has undertaken safer recruitment training.
- 8.5 Staff and volunteers who provide early years or later years childcare and any managers of such childcare are covered by the disqualification regulations of the Childcare Act 2006 and are required to declare relevant information - see statutory guidance: Disqualification under the Childcare Act 2006 (last updated August 2018).

## APPENDIX 1

### PROCEDURE TO FOLLOW IN CASES OF POSSIBLE, ALLEGED OR SUSPECTED ABUSE, OR SERIOUS CAUSE FOR CONCERN ABOUT A CHILD

#### Contents

<b>A</b>	<b>General</b>	
<b>B</b>	<b>Individual Staff/Volunteers/Other Adults - main procedural steps</b>	
<b>C</b>	<b>Designated Safeguarding Lead – main procedural steps</b>	

#### **A. General**

- 1) The Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Children Partnership Procedures contain the inter-agency processes, protocols and expectations for safeguarding children. (Available on the website [www.lrsb.org.uk](http://www.lrsb.org.uk): The Designated Safeguarding Lead is expected to be familiar with these, particularly the indicators of abuse and neglect and the referral processes.
- 2) It is important that all parties act swiftly and avoid delays.
- 3) Any person may seek advice and guidance from the First Response Children's Duty Professionals Consultation Line, particularly if there is doubt about how to proceed. Any adult, whatever their role, can take action in his/her own right to ensure that an allegation or concern is investigated and can report to the investigating agencies.
- 4) A record, dated (including the day and time) and signed, must be made as to what has been alleged, noticed and reported, and kept securely and confidentially.
- 5) In many cases of concern there will be an expectation that there have already been positive steps taken to work with parents and relevant parties to help alleviate the concerns and effect an improvement for the child. This is appropriate where it is thought a child may be in need in some way, and require assessment to see whether additional support and services are required. An example might be where it is suspected a child may be the subject of neglect. In most cases the parents' knowledge and consent to the referral are expected, unless there is reason for this not being in the child's interest. However, there will be circumstances when informing the parent/carer of a referral might put the child at risk and/or undermine Police enquiries, and in individual cases, advice from Children's Social Care will need to be taken.

#### **B. Individual Staff/Volunteers/Other Adults – main procedural steps**

- 1) When a child makes a disclosure, or when concerns are received from other sources, do not investigate, ask leading questions, examine children, or promise confidentiality. Children making disclosures should be reassured and if possible at this stage should be informed what action will be taken next.



- 2) As soon as possible make a dated (including the day), timed and signed record of what has been disclosed or noticed, said or done and report to the Designated Safeguarding Lead in the school.
- 3) If the concern involves the conduct of a member of staff or volunteer, a visitor, a governor, a trainee or another young person or child, the Headteacher must be informed.
- 4) If the safeguarding concern or allegation is about the Headteacher, the information should normally be passed to the Chair of Governors (or other senior manager in a MAT) or failing that to the Local Authority Allegations Manager (LADO).
- 5) If this has not already been done, inform the child (or other party who has raised the concern) what action you have taken.

**C. Designated Safeguarding Lead – main procedural steps**

- 1) Begin an individual case file for each child involved which will hold a record of communications and actions to be stored securely (see section on Records, Monitoring and Transfer). Include a chronology of case activity.
- 2) Where initial enquiries do not justify a referral to the investigating agencies, inform the initiating adult and monitor the situation. If in doubt, seek advice from the First Response professionals consultation line.
- 3) Share information confidentially with those who need to know.
- 4) Where there is a child protection concern requiring immediate, same day, intervention from Children’s Social Care, the First Response Children’s Duty should be contacted by phone (contact the local authority Children’s Services where the child lives). Written confirmation should be made within 24 hours on the Multi-Agency Referral Form to Children’s Social Care. All other referrals should be made using the online form (see link <http://rsb.org.uk/childreport>).
- 5) If the concern is about children using harmful sexual behaviour, also refer to the separate guidance, “Guidance for schools working with children who display harmful sexual behaviour” (Leicestershire LA Guidance).
- 6) If it appears that urgent medical attention is required arrange for the child to be taken to hospital (normally this means calling an ambulance) accompanied by a member of staff who must inform medical staff that non-accidental injury is suspected. Parents must be informed that the child has been taken to hospital.
- 7) Exceptional circumstances: If it is feared that the child might be at immediate risk on leaving school, take advice from the First Response Professionals Consultation line (for instance about difficulties if the school day has ended, or on whether to contact the police). Remain with the child until the Social Worker takes responsibility. If in these circumstances a parent arrives to collect the child, the member of staff has no right to withhold the child, unless there are current legal restrictions in force (eg a restraining

order). If there are clear signs of physical risk or threat, First Response Children's Duty should be updated and the Police should be contacted immediately.

## APPENDIX 2

### **PROCESS FOR DEALING WITH SAFEGUARDING CONCERNS OR ALLEGATIONS AGAINST STAFF (INCLUDING HEADTEACHERS), SUPPLY TEACHERS AND VOLUNTEERS**

These procedures should be followed in all cases in which there is an allegation or safeguarding concern that a person working with children has:

- behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child;
- possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child;
- behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates he or she would pose a risk of harm to children; or
- behaved or may have behaved in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children.

Relevant documents:

- DfE “Keeping children safe in education: Statutory guidance for schools and colleges” September 2020 (part 4: Allegations of abuse made against teachers and other staff, including supply teachers and volunteers)

#### **1) Individual Staff/Volunteers/Other Adults who receive the allegation:**

- i. Write a dated and timed note of what has been disclosed or noticed, said or done.
- ii. Report immediately to the Headteacher.
- iii. Pass on the written record.
- iv. If the allegation or safeguarding concern is about the conduct of the Headteacher, report immediately to the Chair of Governors. Pass on the written record. (If there is difficulty reporting to the Chair of Governors, contact the Allegations Manager (LADO), Safeguarding and Performance Unit as soon as possible.)

#### **2) Headteacher (or Chair of Governors)**

- i. If there is no written record, write a dated and timed note of what has been disclosed or noticed, said or done.
- ii. Before taking further action notify and seek advice from the Allegations Manager (LADO), Safeguarding and Improvement Unit on the same day.
- iii. You may be asked to clarify details or the circumstances of the allegation, but this must not amount to an investigation at this stage.
- iv. Report to First Response Children’s Duty if the Allegations Manager (LADO) so advises or if circumstances require a referral concerning a child.

v. Ongoing involvement in cases:

- Liaison with the Allegations Manager (LADO)
- Co-operation with the investigating agency's enquiries as appropriate (including working closely with the employment agency in the case of supply teachers).
- Consideration of employment issues and possible disciplinary action where the investigating agencies take no further action.
- Possible referral to the DBS or The Teaching Regulation Agency, depending on the outcome.

### **APPENDIX 3**

#### **Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) Policy for the use of Cameras and Mobile Phones**

To ensure the safety and welfare of the children in our care this policy outlines the protocol for the use of personal mobile phones and cameras in the school.

- All staff must ensure that their mobile phones, personal cameras and recording devices are stored securely during working hours on school premises or when on outings. (This includes visitors, volunteers and students)
- Mobile phones must not be used in any teaching area in school or within toilet or changing areas
- Only school equipment should be used to record classroom activities. Photos should be put on the school system as soon as possible and not sent to or kept on personal devices
- During school outings nominated staff will have access to a school mobile which can be used for emergency or contact purposes
- All telephone contact with parents or carers must be made on the school phone and a note kept
- Parents or carers are permitted to take photographs of their own children during a school production or event. The school protocol requires that photos of other people's children are not published on social networking sites such as Facebook.

## **APPENDIX 4**

### **Safeguarding pupils who are vulnerable to extremism and radicalisation**

Our school recognises the duties placed on us by the Counter Terrorism Bill (July 2015) to prevent our pupils being drawn into terrorism.

These include:

- Assessing the risk of pupils being drawn into terrorism (see Appendix 5)
- Working in partnership with relevant agencies (including making referrals) under the Safeguarding Children Partnership procedures
- Appropriate staff training
- Appropriate online filtering

Our school is committed to actively promoting the fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs. The pupils are encouraged to develop and demonstrate skills and attitudes that will allow them to participate fully in and contribute positively to life in modern Britain.

There is a current threat from terrorism in the UK and this can include the exploitation of vulnerable young people, aiming to involve them in terrorism or to be active in supporting terrorism.

Our school seeks to protect children and young people against the messages of all violent extremism including but not restricted to those linked to Islamist Ideology, Far Right / Neo Nazi / White Supremacist ideology etc. Concerns should be referred to the Designated Safeguarding Lead who has local contact details for the Prevent Engagement Team (Police) and Channel referrals. They will also consider whether circumstances require Police to be contacted urgently.

## APPENDIX 5

### Radicalisation and Extremism Risk Assessment

School: St Michael & All Angels CE Primary School

	Yes/No	Evidence
Does the school have a policy?		The school does not have a separate policy, but is incorporated into the Safeguarding/Child Protection Policy.
Does the school work with outside agencies on radicalisation and extremism e.g. Channel?	No	But would do if required.
Have staff received appropriate training?	Yes	24.8.18, as part of whole school child protection training.
Has the school got a trained Prevent lead?	Yes	Head Teacher, trained 24.4.15, renewed during DSL Refresher on 18.5.17.
Do staff know who to discuss concerns with? (Single point of contact - SPOC)	Yes	Head Teacher
Is suitable filtering of the internet in place?	Yes	Surfprotect – also managed by Primary World
Do children know who to talk to about their concerns?	Yes	Can talk to any member of staff – evidence through Governor's monitoring.
Are there opportunities for children to learn about radicalisation and extremism?	Yes	Through RE and PSHE lessons – more likely to be in Key Stage 2.
Have any cases been reported?	No	
Are individual pupils risk assessed?	Yes	This is for SEN/safeguarding reasons and not connected to radicalization.
What factors make the school community potentially vulnerable to being radicalised? (e.g. EDL local base, extreme religious views promoted locally, tensions between local communities, promotion of radical websites by some pupils/parents)		Majority White British community.
Comment on the school's community, locality and relevant history This is an affluent, rural, mainly White British community.		
Risk evaluation	<p><b>Low</b></p> <p><b>Medium</b></p> <p><b>High</b></p>	Way Forward

Date completed 2.10.20 Signed: Neil Bardsley – Head Teacher

## **APPENDIX 6**

### **Female Genital Mutilation**

Section 5B of the Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003 and section 74 of the Serious Crime Act 2015 places a mandatory duty on teachers along with social workers and healthcare professionals to report to the police where they discover that FGM appears to have been carried out on a girl under 18 or where a girl discloses that she has undergone FGM. The school's response to FGM will take into account the government guidance, "Multi-agency statutory guidance on female genital mutilation" updated October 2018. Staff will also follow the established safeguarding procedure by reporting any such concerns to the Designated Safeguarding Lead and a report must also be made to the Police.

There will be a considered safeguarding response towards any girl who is identified as being at risk of FGM (eg there is a known history of practising FGM in her family, community or country of origin) which may include sensitive conversations with the girl and her family, sharing information with professionals from other agencies and/or making a referral to Children's Social Care. If the risk of harm is imminent there are a number of emergency measures that can be taken including police protection, an FGM protection order and an Emergency Protection Order.



## APPENDIX 7

### Indicators of abuse and neglect

Abuse, neglect and safeguarding issues are rarely standalone events that can be covered by one definition or label. In most cases, multiple issues will overlap with one another.

**Physical abuse:** a form of abuse which may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning, suffocating or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces, illness in a child.

**Emotional abuse:** the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and adverse effects on the child's emotional development. It may involve conveying to a child that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or 'making fun' of what they say or how they communicate. It may feature age or developmentally inappropriate expectations being imposed on children. These may include interactions that are beyond a child's developmental capability as well as overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning, or preventing the child from participating in normal social interaction. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyberbullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, although it may occur alone.

**Sexual abuse:** involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children in looking at, or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse. Sexual abuse can take place online, and technology can be used to facilitate offline abuse. Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children. The sexual abuse of children by other children is a specific safeguarding issue in education.

**Neglect:** the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy, for example, as a result of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to: provide adequate food, clothing and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment); protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger; ensure adequate supervision (including the use of inadequate care-givers); or ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child's basic emotional needs.

**APPENDIX 8**

**PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL**

**Transfer of Pupil Safeguarding Records  
to Next School**

Pupil Name ..... DOB .....

Home Address .....

Transfer Records from: St Michael & All Angels CE Primary School  
Brookside, Rearsby, Leicester. LE7 4YB  
Tel. 01664 424453  
Head Teacher: Mr Neil Bardsley

Date Pupil Left St Michael's School .....

I enclose documents held by this school relating to child protection/safeguarding issues with regard to the above named child. Please contact the Head Teacher, Mr Neil Bardsley who is the School Designated Safeguarding Lead (contact details above) should you wish to discuss any matter relating to the attached documents.

Additional information:

Signed ..... Date .....  
Mr Neil Bardsley – Head Teacher/DSL

✂.....  
**To be completed by the transfer school representative collecting the records and detached/retained by St Michael & All Angels Primary:**

Transfer School Name .....  
Transfer School Address .....  
Transfer School Tel. No. ....

*I acknowledge receipt of safeguarding/child protection records in relation to  
..... (pupil's name) from St Michael & All Angels CE Primary School, Rearsby.  
I understand the documents are private & confidential and will ensure they are safely transferred to the  
DSL ..... (print name) at the transfer school named above.*

Signed ..... Date .....  
Print Name .....  
Please State School Role/Job Title .....



## **APPENDIX 9**

### **COVID-19 ADDENDUM TO SAFEGUARDING POLICY**

**This addendum has been created from the DfE and LA updated guidance and in consultation with Headteachers and to facilitate continuation of effective safeguarding measures. Where applicable it overrides key aspects of the existing policies in schools to incorporate the considerations above.**

#### **Safeguarding and Improvement Unit contacts** **(from the original policy for reference)**

##### **Head of Service - Safeguarding Improvement and Quality Assurance**

Kelda Claire 0116 3059084 / 07507686100

##### **LADO / Allegations:**

Mark Goddard / Kim Taylor 0116 305 7597

##### **Safeguarding Development Officers:**

Simon Genders 0116 305 7750

Ann Prideaux 0116 3057317

##### **First Response Children's Duty (Same-day referrals)**

Telephone 0116 3050005

Email [childrensduty@leics.gov.uk](mailto:childrensduty@leics.gov.uk)

Address First Response Children's Duty

Room 100b

County Hall

Championship Way

Glenfield

LE3 8RF

##### **All other referrals including Early Help Services**

<http://lrsb.org.uk/childreport>

**Early Help queries and Consultation Line 0116 3058727**

### Health and Safety

School must ensure that health and safety and regular cleaning is even more prevalent in maintaining a safe environment.

All staff will adhere to government and PHE guidance on distance and isolation and handwashing and cleanliness to minimise risk of virus contamination and maintain up to date knowledge as this guidance changes or is updated.

# APPENDIX 10



## **SAFEGUARDING POLICY ADDENDUM (COVID-19 ARRANGEMENTS relating to Attendance and Remote Online Learning)**

### **COVID-19 Child Protection Policy Addendum (January 2021)**

During the arrangements put in place due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Child Protection / Safeguarding policy will continue to apply unless superseded by the provisions set out here. This addendum will be reviewed and revised to take account of ongoing changes to COVID-19 guidance and arrangements. The current addendum has been revised to take account of the Safeguarding Guidance ([see page 39](#)) outlined in [Restricting attendance during the national lockdown: schools Guidance for all schools in England](#).

The key updates for most children learning remotely from the beginning of the January 2021 are:

- School will continue to have regard to the statutory safeguarding guidance, [Keeping children safe in education](#).
- School has reviewed its child protection policy (led by our designated safeguarding lead) to reflect the move to remote education for most pupils from January 5<sup>th</sup> 2021. This addendum summarises related changes and all staff working in the school are aware of the revised policy.
- There should be no change to local multi-agency safeguarding arrangements, which remain the responsibility of the three safeguarding partners (local authorities, clinical commissioning groups and chief officers of police). We expect all local safeguarding partners to be vigilant and responsive to all safeguarding threats and ensure vulnerable children and young persons are safe – particularly as more children and young people will be learning remotely.
- It is expected that schools will have a trained DSL (or deputy) available on site. However, it is recognised that for some schools there may be operational challenges to this. In such cases, there are two options to consider:
  - a. a trained DSL (or deputy) from the school can be available to be contacted via phone or online video, for example working from home;
  - b. sharing trained DSLs (or deputies) with other schools (who should be available to be contacted via phone or online video).

- Where a trained DSL (or deputy) is not on site, in addition to one of the above options, a senior leader should take responsibility for co-ordinating safeguarding on site.
- The school's standard procedures will be applied in the case of absence, taking account of current national lockdown requirements.

The following has been reviewed and remains in place:

- If the DSL and all other trained Deputy DSLs are isolating away from school, where possible, they will continue to be available to support and advise staff with safeguarding concerns. In this scenario, or where a DSL or Deputy is not available, a member of the Senior Leadership Team will be designated to respond on site to safeguarding concerns. Staff will continue to report all safeguarding concerns in the usual way (including allegations and safeguarding concerns about adults working in school) and be thoroughly briefed about any changes that are required – e.g. where the DSL/headteacher may be isolating at home.
- Where a child known to social care is required to isolate at home, the DSL will immediately inform the social care worker allocated to the case.
- Parents/carers of vulnerable children who are asked to isolate at home will be regularly contacted by school staff. Where parents or carers do not respond to calls or visits, a risk assessment will be completed and a referral to Children's Services considered.
- There may be a greater prevalence of mental health concerns when children return to school following a period of isolating at home. Staff will be briefed about this and time will be made available to the DSL and other relevant staff to support children as required.
- [Children will be expected to attend school unless a special arrangement is agreed. The school's standard procedures will be applied in the case of absence.] *This procedure is now amended to reflect the 3rd national lockdown and the expectation that most pupils will learn remotely except vulnerable and critical worker children.*
- Where a parent or carer indicates that they intend to electively home educate because of concerns related to COVID-19, before removing the child from the school roll, a meeting will be arranged involving the parent / carer, the local authority Inclusion Service and any other key professional e.g. social worker. All the options will be explored in order that the parents fully understand what is involved and so that the best interests of each individual child can be carefully considered before making a final decision. This is particularly important where vulnerable children, children with a social worker, and those at greatest risk of harm are involved. Where an EHCP is in place for the child the local authority will be asked to give consent to Elective Home Education before removing the child from the school roll.
- Staff engaged in remote teaching and learning will follow the code of conduct guidance set out in the [Safer Working Practice Addendum April 2020 \(Safer Recruitment Consortium\)](#) and our school Remote Learning Protocols as given to parents, teachers and support staff.
- The online safety of children who may be learning remotely at home will be considered and any necessary adjustments made to networks and school devices used for this purpose. Children will be taught how to stay safe online when they are learning remotely.
- Safer Recruitment procedures will continue to be robustly applied including where virtual interviews may be used and if so, a risk assessment will be completed.

- The Single Central Record will be continuously updated and include the details of any staff who may be engaged in teaching and learning from home and any catch-up tutors employed by the school.

Our school will implement the following which specifically relates to remote learning (following Leicestershire County Council guidance):-

**Key points for safeguarding and remote learning – we will;**

- Follow the principles set out in the school’s staff behaviour policy
- Make sure parents and carers understand what we are planning
  - Sites/apps being used
  - Which staff will be interacting with their child
- Encourage parents to adopt controls and filters at home
- Make parents aware of the best online safety resources e.g.
  - Thinkuknow
  - Childnet
  - Parent info etc.
- Report safeguarding concerns in the usual way

**Key points we ask of parents/school staff;**

- Communicate within school hours as much as possible (or hours agreed with the school to suit the needs of staff)
- Communicate through the school channels approved by the head teacher
- Use school email accounts (not personal ones)
- Use school devices over personal devices wherever possible
- Advise teachers not to share personal information
- Block personal number if used

**Providing remote pastoral support;**

- Communicate within school hours as much as possible (or hours agreed with the school to suit the needs of staff)
- One-to-one sessions could be appropriate in some circumstances e.g. to provide pastoral care or provide support for pupils with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND)
- It must be approved by the head teacher to assess any risks
- Is a parent also available in the house?
- Additional contact details in case remote session goes down etc.
- Consider including a parent or additional staff member in the call

## 20 safeguarding tips we will consider for livestreaming lessons (LGfL);

- Use school accounts only
- Use SLT approved systems
- Include all students – SEND?
- Consider backgrounds/spaces used - privacy
- Check internet links before broadcasting them
- Have app settings been audited and checked before use?
- Consider vulnerable students
- Be careful not to stream by mistake
- Have another colleague present
- Start slowly – get it right
- Keep a log – what, when, who?
- Do you want students to use chat?
- Avoid 1:1 unless approved
- Remind all about Acceptable Use Policies
- Remind all about reporting safeguarding as usual
- Recording? Are students doing it secretly?
- How can they ask questions?
- Set clear ground rules
- Make sure you understand how it works – or it won't be safe
- Is the DPO happy? Consent?